

# End-to-end Solution for Accessible Chemical Diagrams

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W4A 2015, Florence, 18 May 2015  
joint work with Mark G. Lee and Sandy Wilkinson

# Motivation

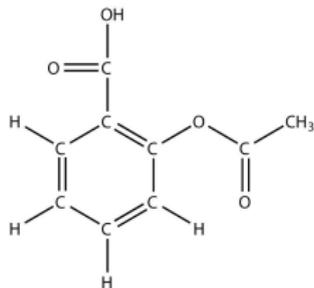
- ▶ Accessibility to STEM material is important issue for inclusive education
- ▶ Diagrams are an important teaching means in STEM
- ▶ Chemical diagrams (depictions of molecules) are ubiquitous in teaching from GCSE and A-levels teaching to undergrad curriculum chemistry, biosciences, life sciences.
- ▶ Previous work on assistive technology for chemical diagrams
  - ▶ Require diagrams to be drawn in particular way or authoring environment
  - ▶ Need for specialist software to access and interact with diagrams
- ▶ Additional hurdles for both authors and readers

# Goals

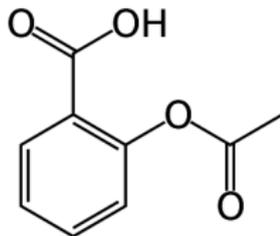
- ▶ Make regular teaching material accessible
- ▶ From inaccessible image to support for independent learning
- ▶ Source independence
  - ▶ Do not rely on the benevolent, educated author
- ▶ Platform independence
  - ▶ Use standard web technology (HTML5)
  - ▶ Accessible with all browsers, screen readers
- ▶ Provide a seamless user experience without/very little interface
- ▶ Support diverse material, for novices and experts alike

# Examples

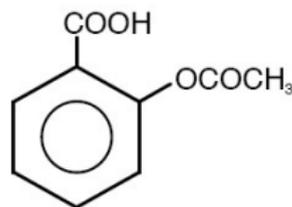
- ▶ Different representations of Aspirin molecule.



Displayed formula.



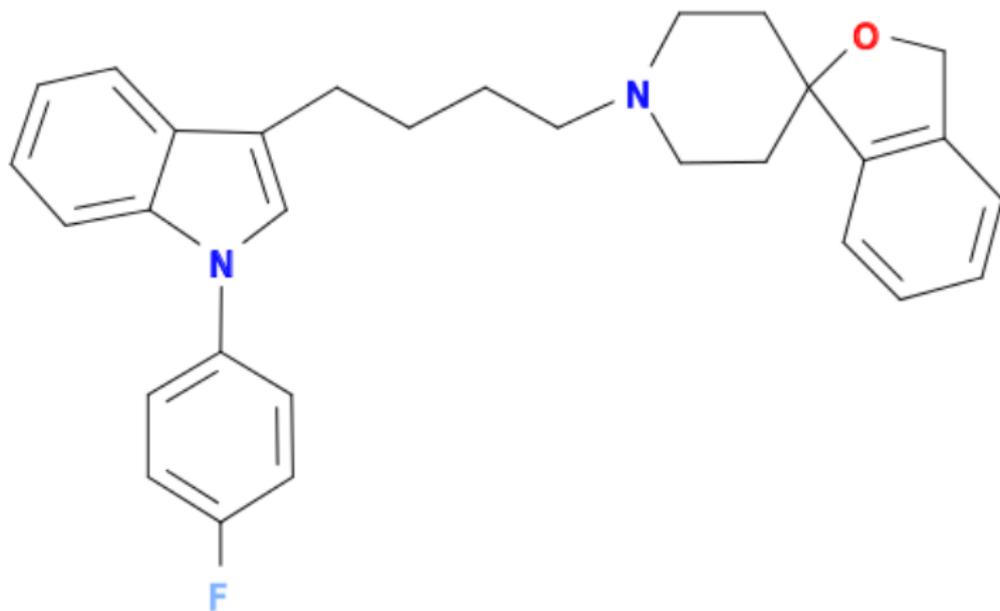
Skeletal formula.



Structural formula.

# Examples

- ▶ Or somewhat more complex.



# Procedure

Input: A bitmap image of a molecule diagram

1. Image analysis and recognition
2. Generation of annotated SVG
3. Semantic enrichment
4. Accessible diagram via browser front-end

# Image Segmentation

MolRec system implemented for diagram recognition on patent databases

- ▶ Initial preprocessing: Binarisation, noise reduction...
- ▶ Connected component extraction and labelling
- ▶ Optical Character recognition and removal
- ▶ Separation of bond elements
  - ▶ Walk skeleton diagram structure
  - ▶ Identify and break junction points
- ▶ **Result** is a set of geometric primitives:  
Character groups, lines, circles, triangles

# Diagram Recognition

- ▶ Rule based system
- ▶ Rewrites bag of geometric primitives into a graph representation
- ▶ Example:
  1. Let  $l_1, l_2$  be distinct line segments of a minimum length.
  2. If  $l_1$  is nearly parallel to and in a neighbourhood of  $l_2$ .
  3. No other line segment is nearly parallel to  $l_1$  or  $l_2$ .

⇒ Then  $(l_1, l_2)$  form a double bond.



single



double



triple



wedge



dashed wedge



wavy

- ▶ **Result** is a Chemical Markup File (CML or MOL)

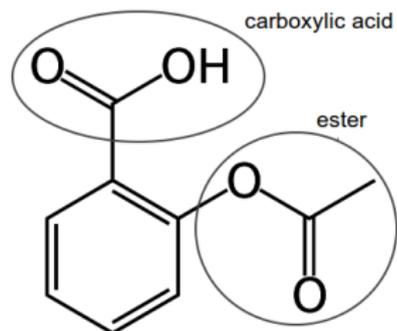
# SVG Generation

- ▶ Many solutions for generating SVG from chemical markup
- ▶ But they only draw!
- ▶ And in the process destroy any structure or chemical knowledge
- ▶ Build our own SVG generator with emphasis on
  - ▶ Grouping meaningful units together (e.g., double bonds)
  - ▶ Retaining names given to components in the chemical markup (IDs of atoms, bonds, etc.)
- ▶ **Result** annotated and grouped SVG

# Semantic Enrichment

- ▶ Take basic chemical markup: Enrich it with derived knowledge and structure it accordingly
- ▶ Detect major building blocks of the molecule

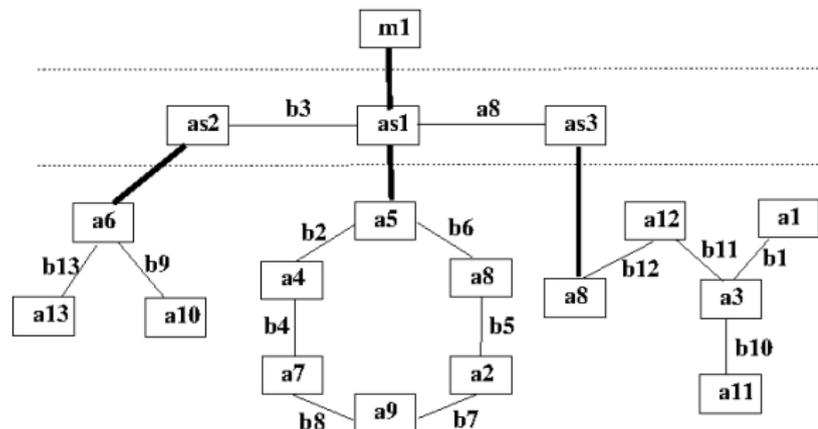
- ▶ Aliphatic chains
- ▶ Ring systems: Isolated and fused
- ▶ Functional groups



- ▶ Order blocks and atoms by chemical conventions
- ▶ Naming and description
  - ▶ Cactus webservice
  - ▶ Basic descriptions via atoms, bonds, substitutions

# Abstraction Graph

- ▶ Represent molecule as multi-layered graph
- ▶ 3-4 layers of abstraction



- ▶ Molecule
- ▶ Block
- ▶ Atom

- ▶ Additional layer in case of fused ring systems
- ▶ **Result** semantically enriched CML File

# Accessibility Support

- ▶ Graph structure can serve as the bases for interacting with the molecule
- ▶ Very simple navigation model: down/up, right/left
- ▶ Screen Reader Support:
  - ▶ Generate speech output from CML annotations on different levels
  - ▶ Display of speech output using subtitling
- ▶ Low Vision/Learning Disability Support:
  - ▶ Highlighting of inspected components
  - ▶ Optional zooming and magnification of components
  - ▶ Changing contrast, colour configurations

# Browser Front-end

Generic browser front-end using standard web technology:

- ▶ Ajax service to import
  - ▶ annotated SVG
  - ▶ enriched CML as XML object
- ▶ Some JavaScript to tie it all together.
- ▶ WAI-ARIA and CSS to implement interactive exploration
  - ▶ Speech output by updating ARIA live regions
  - ▶ Zooming by changing SVG view port
  - ▶ Colour/contrast changes by rewriting CSS properties

# User Feedback and Testing

Ongoing stake holder involvement throughout development

- ▶ input from blind chemist (Duncan Bell)
- ▶ explanations tested in regular classroom teaching
- ▶ “Phone-experiments” with chemistry researchers
- ▶ “Molimod testing” with students at various levels in specialist college (NCW)
- ▶ Low vision support testing with A-level students
- ▶ Testing with educators for visually impaired children.

# Conclusions and Future Work

- ▶ End-to-end procedure from images to accessible diagrams
- ▶ Don't need to rely on author cooperation
- ▶ Integrates seamlessly without need for bespoke tools
- ▶ Demo of web front end tomorrow or  
<http://progressiveaccess.com/chemistry>

## Next steps:

- ▶ Tactile diagrams, 3D printing, Localisation
- ▶ Other STEM subjects: Physics (circuit diagrams), Maths (geometry, bearings), Biology (phylogenetic trees), Computer Science (flow charts)

## Acknowledgements:

Duncan Bell, Peter Murray-Rust, Egon Willighagen, John May, Nouredin Sadawi, John Saxon, students and teachers of NCW